

# 华大新高考联盟 2022 届高三 11 月教学质量测评

## 英 语



命题：华中师范大学考试研究院

成绩查询网址：huada.onlyets.com 关注微信公众号查询成绩：cmu\_testing

本试卷共四部分，共 12 页。满分 150 分。考试时间 120 分钟。

★ 祝考试顺利 ★

### 注意事项：

1. 答卷前，考生务必将自己的姓名、考生号等填写在答题卡 and 试卷指定位置上。
2. 回答选择题时，选出每小题答案后，用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时，将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后，将答题卡上交。

### 第一部分 听力(共两节，满分 30 分)

做题时，先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后，你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

#### 第一节 (共 5 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例：How much is the shirt?

A. £19.15.

B. £9.18.

C. £9.15.

答案是 C。

1. How is the woman feeling at present?

A. Angry.

B. Worried.

C. Relieved.

2. What will the man do tomorrow?

A. Hold a mask party.

B. Pay a visit to Lucy.

C. Attend a wedding ceremony.

3. What is the woman's trouble?
- A. Her dog has been sick.
  - B. She can't sleep very well.
  - C. She doesn't get on with the man.
4. What time will the conference begin?
- A. At 8:30.
  - B. At 9:00.
  - C. At 10:00.
5. Where will the two speakers go at the weekend?
- A. Library.
  - B. Cinema.
  - C. Beach.

第二节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

6. What does the woman want to be?
- A. A volunteer.
  - B. A nurse.
  - C. A doctor.
7. What are the speakers mainly talking about?
- A. The lab report.
  - B. The Nursing Home.
  - C. The volunteer work.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8 至 10 题。

8. What does the woman think of the man?
- A. Honest.
  - B. Stubborn.
  - C. Thoughtful.

9. How will they get to the airport?

A. By car.

B. By subway

C. By bus.

10. What is the man?

A. A headmaster.

B. An assistant.

C. A driver.

听第 8 段材料,回答第 11 至 14 题。

11. Where are the speakers?

A. In a restaurant.

B. In a hotel.

C. In a bank.

12. Why is the man looking for the restaurant?

A. It is popular online.

B. It has a good service.

C. It is not far away.

13. How long will it take to go to the beach?

A. 30 minutes.

B. One hour.

C. One hour and a half.

14. What would be the man's remark on the room service?

A. Average.

B. Terrible.

C. Satisfying.

听第 9 段材料,回答第 15 至 17 题

15. What makes the man worried?

A. Finding a listener.

B. Choosing a job.

C. Starting a company.

16. What will the man probably do next?

A. Accept his aunt's offer.

B. Take his parents' advice.

C. Realize his dream.

17. What does the woman major in?

A. Engineering.

B. Physics.

C. Education.

听第 10 段材料,回答第 18 至 20 题.

18. Where will they meet to take a bus?

A. The botanical garden.

B. The school front gate.

C. The school back gate.

19. How much money in total should each student pay?

A. \$ 18.

B. \$ 19.

C. \$ 22.

20. What will the students do first after the visit?

A. Go to a café.

B. Have a big meal.

C. Watch a film.

## 第二部分 阅读理解(共两节,满分 40 分)

### 第一节 (共 15 小题;每小题 2 分,满分 30 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中,选出最佳选项

#### A

Step into the homes of your favourite authors and artists.

#### JANE AUSTEN'S HOUSE MUSEUM. HAMPSHIRE

This red-brick cottage is the house Jane Austen lived in for the last eight years of her life, and her most famous works, such as *Pride and Prejudice*, were either written or revised here. There aren't a vast amount of personal belongings, but one highlight is the modest writing table where *Emma* and *Persuasion* were written, and a patchwork quilt she worked on.

Entrance: £7.50 for adults, £2.50 for children

#### CHARLESTON. SUSSEX

This idyllic(田园般的) cottage was the family home of artists Vanessa Bell and Duncan Grant, where they held well-known bohemian(波西米亚) house parties. Guests included everyone from E. M. Forster to John Maynard Keynes, and the writer Virginia Woolf. It's best to visit on a Sunday, when visitors are free to wander.

Entrance: £11 for adults, £6 for children

## DOVE COTTAGE, CUMBRIA

The Dove Cottage is where Wordsworth, the romantic poet, wrote his most famous works, including "The Prelude" and "I Wandered Lonely as a Cloud". Visitors can see the journal that records the day when he saw the daffodils(水仙花) that inspired the latter poem. There are free poetry readings on Monday afternoons.

Entrance: £7.75 for adults, £1.50 for children

## BARBARA HEPWORTH MUSEUM AND SCULPTURE GARDEN, CORNWALL

Barbara Hepworth, one of our most outstanding 20th century sculptors. She bought this house with studio space, a garden and views of Porthminster beach, which is now a museum featuring her life and work. Visitors can look through the windows of her studio and wander the gardens containing her sculptures.

Entrance: £6.60 for adults, free for children

21. What is special about Charleston?
- A. It witnessed many gatherings.
  - B. It was home of many famous people.
  - C. It is only open on Sundays.
  - D. It is located in the mountains.
22. What do Austen's and Wordsworth's homes have in common?
- A. They keep their famous works.
  - B. They offer free readings of literature works.
  - C. They house numerous personal belongings.
  - D. They are the birthplaces of many masterpieces.
23. Where would families with children probably go for a money-saving visit?
- A. Hampshire.      B. Sussex.      C. Cumbria.      D. Cornwall.

## B

Since being introduced to chess at the age of six, Tani Adewumi has had one goal. He wants to become the world's youngest-ever Grandmaster—the highest title a chess player can achieve. The record is currently held by Russian chess player Sergey Alexandrovich Karjakin, who was qualified for the title in 2002 at the age of 12 years and seven months.

On May 1st, 2021, the now 10-year-old Tani came one step closer to achieving his dream by becoming

the United States' newest national chess master. The chess player, who practices for up to 11 hours every day, says the secret to his success is thinking of his plays ahead of time. On a normal position, he can do up to 20 moves in advance.

The now fifth-grader fell in love with chess in 2017 after being exposed to the basics by a part-time teacher at his primary school. However, his mother, Oluwatoyin, was unwilling to allow him to join the school's chess club due to the travel and chess competition costs. The Nigerian refugee(难民) family were living in a homeless shelter and did not have extra funds to spare.

When Oluwatoyin explained the family's situation to the chess club's instructor, **Russell Makofsky**, he instantly chose not to demand any cost for the young boy. Less than a year after joining the club, he had gained seven trophies(奖杯). In 2019, the then eight-year-old, who was still living in a homeless shelter, made national headlines when he defeated 73 competitors to win the New York State Scholastic Chess K-3 Championship. His incredible story became known and a GoFundMe campaign, set up by Makofsky, helped raise enough funds for Tani and his family to purchase a permanent home. It's only for certain that Tani will continue to work wonders.

24. What is Tani's goal?
- A. To break a record.  
B. To improve his skills.  
C. To defeat Sergey.  
D. To win the highest title.
25. Why was 2019 a significant year for Tani?
- A. He joined Makofsky's chess club.  
B. He became known around the world.  
C. He made great achievements.  
D. He moved into a permanent home.
26. What can be inferred from the text?
- A. Many people showed love for Tani.  
B. Mom doesn't support Tani's career.  
C. Makofsky paid for Tani's cost.  
D. Club members started a campaign for Tani.
27. What might be the best title for the text?
- A. A Nigerian Refugee's Dream  
B. The Secret to Tani's Success  
C. A 10-year-old USA's Newest Chess Master  
D. A Great Talent

Thanks to a new virtual(虚拟的) reality film offering 360 degree viewing, armchair travelers around the world can now visit places like the Amazon rainforest. Provided freely by Conservation International, you'll be able to take in the breathtaking beauty and amazing biodiversity(生物多样性) that is dished up in a film entitled "Under the Canopy" without worrying about being eaten alive by insects, giant snakes or bird spiders. Besides that, and saving on airfare and getting your passport updated, the film is said to be simply beyond belief in its clarity and realism.

But the purpose of the film goes beyond just providing viewers with amazing visuals in a virtual experience. The makers of the film want to bring awareness to the fact that this once vast wilderness and occupants are shrinking rapidly and disappearing due to deforestation. In other words, the magnificent sights and sounds that you'll enjoy during your virtual wandering around the Amazon's beautiful rainforest need badly to be protected.

If you're not aware, a statistic in connection to annual forest loss in the region can be clarified in this way: the loss is equal to 1.5 times the size of Yellowstone National Park. Now, if you're still a little ambiguous on the significance of this, Yellowstone is 3,472 square miles in size, which is 2,221,766 acres, if that helps you out.

In the film, you will have a virtual tour guide, Kamanja Panashekung, a native to the area whose ancestors have lived in the region for countless generations. During his educational tour Panashekung explains to viewers of the film the many ways in which the rainforest supplies his people with everything they need to survive on a daily basis. His story is actually pretty fantastic, especially if you live in city and can't imagine what it would be like living in such a wild and remote area of the world.

28. What aspect of the movie is mainly talked about in Paragraph 1?
- |                    |                  |
|--------------------|------------------|
| A. The popularity. | B. The horror.   |
| C. The strengths.  | D. The purposes. |
29. What feeling do the film makers wish the audience to have?
- |           |               |                |             |
|-----------|---------------|----------------|-------------|
| A. Guilt. | B. Curiosity. | C. Excitement. | D. Concern. |
|-----------|---------------|----------------|-------------|
30. How does the author develop Paragraph 3?
- |                                |                             |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| A. By giving an example.       | B. By giving a description. |
| C. By making a classification. | D. By making a comparison.  |
31. Who would be especially attracted to the guide's story?
- A. Those who have ancestors living in the region.

- B. Those who long for outdoor surviving experience.
- C. Those who think about developing rainforests.
- D. Those who have interest in wild animals.

**D**

Mindfulness may indeed have mental benefits. Earlier this year, a comprehensive analysis of randomized controlled trials revealed that mindfulness based intervention (正念) had small to average benefits for a number of health outcomes, including stress, anxiety and depression. That said, the effects of mindfulness were smaller and less consistent when compared with those of other treatment, and some effects appeared to fade months after the intervention.

Although mindfulness has its advantages, research has also brought out the truth that in some situations it's important to be mindless. That is, as we develop skill in complex tasks, we can perform them with increasing ability until attention seems to be unnecessary. Everyday examples range from riding a bike to brushing your teeth. We don't perform all tasks automatically, but many can be performed this way once they are well practiced. To be clear, paying attention is important when learning a new skill.

But research has also indicated that paying too much attention to what you're doing can have negative effects, particularly when you perform well practiced skills.

In a classic study, scientist Sian Beilock and her colleagues had skilled golfers attempt to sink putts (球杆) under different experimental conditions. In one condition, the golfers were simply instructed to pay attention to the swing of their club (球棒) and say "stop" when they finished their swing. In another, they were instructed to listen for a target sound while ignoring other noises and say the word "tone" when they heard the target sound.

Counterintuitively, the skilled golfers performed much worse when they focused on their swing than when they paid attention to irrelevant sounds. The effect of paying attention to their swing was so damaging that the golfers actually did better when they were warming up before the experiment began.

32. What is the result of the mindfulness-based intervention?

- |                                  |  |
|----------------------------------|--|
| A. It has permanent effect.      | B. It may be better than nothing.            |
| C. It benefits our health a lot. | D. It causes stress, anxiety and depression. |

33. In which situation can we be mindless?

- |                             |                             |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| A. Performing an operation. | B. Doing homework.          |
| C. Taking a bath.           | D. Learning to ride a bike. |



34. When did the golfers perform better in the experiment?
- A. When they listened for a target sound.  
 B. When they were instructed how to play well.  
 C. When they paid attention to the swing of their club.  
 D. When they finished their warming up.
35. What does the underlined word “counterintuitively” mean in the last paragraph?
- A. Undoubtedly.      B. Unexpectedly.      C. Consequently.      D. Apparently.

第二节 (共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分)

阅读短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

I have a client, Irene Sardanis, who published her first book, *Out of the Bronx* this past spring, at the age of eighty-five. 36

Has it been challenging? Yes. Has it been hard and scary at times? Yes. Did she have moments when she didn't think she could do it? Absolutely! 37 She has grown on multiple levels. The experience has enriched her and has provided wonderful opportunities she hadn't previously imagined.

It's not surprising that many women make some of their most meaningful contributions later in life. 38 Thus, little time was left for reflection as well as space and peace that writing requires.

The trick when beginning any new project is to take it one step at a time. 39 This means opening up to not knowing. It probably means asking for help. It will require you to show up in whatever ways that make sense in any given moment. This will likely feel scary, but that's a good sign, putting yourself out there and growing!

It's not about what we cannot do; it's about what we can do. And more often than not we're capable of much more than we think because we are unlimited beings. 40 You'll be amazed at how you'll be guided and holding your finished book in your hand will bring you unimaginable satisfaction, gratitude, and joy!

- A. Allow yourself to be a beginner.  
 B. Worlds expand and careers may take off at any age.  
 C. She's having the time of her life celebrating and promoting it.  
 D. Encourage yourself as you reach beyond your comfort zone.  
 E. But writing and publishing this book has been a highlight of her life.  
 F. They used to take care of families while working.  
 G. It was an experience that gave you a chance to think about your life.

第三部分 语言知识运用(共两节, 满分 45 分)

第一节 (共 20 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 30 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

As I exited our apartment building, I noticed the planted area in front had gotten a bit weedy. The neighbor who 41 tends to the mini garden is away on vacation. I stopped and 42 the weeds. It was a bit of crab grass that began growing 43, so it took me quite a while to 44 the grass here and there. Then I went on my way, 45 the weeds in the rubbish can. 46 were that no one would notice what I was doing except me.

I took the dog out that evening and brought a handful of 47 plastic grocery bags. Someone don't know who put up plastic containers for bags, 48 someone walking a dog forgot to bring a poop scooper(捡便器). There are no required duties for people to 49 the containers; it's something people 50 to do for others. 51, it is likely that no one notices except the person doing it. 52 nobody had done that, the person would have been 53, with nothing to clean up after his dog.

It's been good for me to 54 the habit of doing simple, thoughtful acts no one 55. The habit weakens my need for 56 from others. Also, it 57 my eyes for seeing the opportunities put in my path, 58 my heart to be considerate. And if by chance someone does catch me in the middle of doing a 59 kindness, it may open their eyes to 60 they, too, can make the world better.

- |                    |              |              |                   |
|--------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------------|
| 41. A. rarely      | B. gradually | C. normally  | D. formally       |
| 42. A. gathered    | B. picked    | C. watered   | D. pulled         |
| 43. A. separately  | B. naturally | C. rapidly   | D. thickly        |
| 44. A. spot        | B. water     | C. deliver   | D. remove         |
| 45. A. putting     | B. cutting   | C. burning   | D. picking        |
| 46. A. Advantages  | B. Chances   | C. Reasons   | D. Considerations |
| 47. A. cheap       | B. new       | C. extra     | D. fine           |
| 48. A. so that     | B. in case   | C. even if   | D. now that       |
| 49. A. refill      | B. fix       | C. wash      | D. exchange       |
| 50. A. manage      | B. refuse    | C. afford    | D. volunteer      |
| 51. A. Fortunately | B. Obviously | C. Similarly | D. Importantly    |
| 52. A. Although    | B. If        | C. Because   | D. When           |
| 53. A. forbidden   | B. stuck     | C. affected  | D. punished       |
| 54. A. get into    | B. look into | C. give up   | D. pick up        |

55. A. values                      B. follows                      C.                      D. permits
56. A. support                      B. inspiration                      C. advice                      D. praise
57. A. sharpens                      B. narrows                      C. rolls                      D. tears
58. A. comforting                      B. warming                      C. training                      D. winning
59. A. patient                      B. quiet                      C. calm                      D. careful
60. A. facts                      B. promises                      C. choices                      D. ways

第二节 (共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

China has announced its five national parks, among which is Giant Panda National Park. There are 1,340 wild giant pandas inside 61 national park, accounting for 71.8% of the wild giant pandas in the country. Over 80 preservation areas, 62 (cover) just over 27,000 square kilometers, are included in China's first giant panda national park, which is located across parts of Sichuan, Shaanxi and Gansu. 63 most wild giant pandas are to be found.

An area of 20,177 square kilometers in Sichuan province 64 (classify) as giant panda habitat, including Mianyang, Guangyuan, Chengdu, Deyang, Aba, Ya'an and Meishan. There are three main 65 (zone): A core protection area, an ecosystem revision area, and a knowledge sharing area.

In addition, 66 (distribute) as giant panda habitats, 4,386 square kilometers in Shaanxi and 2,571 square kilometers in Gansu also have 67 (exact) the same three major functions as in Chengdu. Those giant panda habitats display complex geology (地质状况) 68 over 8,000 plants and animal species.

According to the 69 (four) national survey on giant pandas, due to human activities, natural disasters and climate changes, giant pandas have drawbacked to six mountain areas. Of 33 giant panda groups, 22 have 70 (little) than 30 individuals, placing them at risk of extinction(灭绝).

第四部分 写作(共两节, 满分 35 分)

第一节 短文改错(共 10 小题;每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文, 请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误, 每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加: 在缺词处加一个漏字符号(Λ), 并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除: 把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改: 在错的词下画一横线, 并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意:1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;

2. 只允许修改 10 处,多者(从第 11 处起)不计分。

There used to be a misunderstanding among my best friend John and me. We had a math test last week with many difficult problems appeared in the test. Surprising, nobody could handle one of the problems successfully except me which could work out the problem. My best friend John wanted to copy on my answer and he threw me a piece of paper and asked me to give my answer to her. However, I ignored it, because we had a quarrel after the test and finally break up. One day I went to him and explained to him that I refused to give him my answer in the test. Having heard my explanation, he could understand that best friends should help each other in proper way.

### 第二节 书面表达(满分 25 分)

你们班许多同学埋头学习,不爱运动。请你写一篇英语演讲稿,内容包括:

1. 号召大家积极锻炼;
2. 介绍运动的益处;
3. 推荐运动的种类。

注意:

1. 词数 100 左右;
2. 题目已为你写好。

**Let's work out**

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